

Deutscher Verein des Gas- und Wasserfaches e.V.



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Technical Rule – Standard **DVGW W 119** December 2002

Development of Wells by Desanding – Requirements, Methods, Residual Sand Contents

WATER

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Preamble

This Technical Standard has been prepared by a project group of the DVGW Technical Committee "Water abstraction". It serves as basis for the development of wells by desanding. Sand contents arising during well operation can have a disruptive effect. The consequences can for instance be sanding up of the well, destruction of the submersible motor pumps or disruptions in water treatment. In addition, longlasting sand production of a well may lead to soil settlements, which in turn can have a negative impact

on the entire construction.

On account of the practical experience gained and the technical progress of the last few years, it became

necessary to revise and consolidate DVGW Technical Standards W 117:1975-12 and W 119:1982-02.

The technical standard defines criteria for assessing the sand content of raw water and provides guide values for a (still to be approved) residual sand content during the development and operation of wells. The requirement of "sand-free" water (technical absence of sand) raised in DIN 18302 will in particular

be explained in more detail.

In addition, experts at water utilities, drilling and well construction companies, engineering offices, pertinent authorities and scientific institutions in charge of planning and construction work are provided

with aids for the development of wells by desanding.

This technical standard replaces DVGW Technical Standard W 117.

Amendments

Compared to DVGW Code of Practice W 119:1982-02, the following amendments were made:

Implementation and revision of individual sections of DVGW Technical Standard W 117:1975-12 a)

b) Revision of the provisions in all sections.

Earlier editions

DVGW W 117:1975-12

DVGW W 119:1982-02